Proposed Goal 14: Attain conservation and sustainable use of marine resources, oceans and seas

[Reframe to "Conserve and sustainably use marine resources, oceans and seas"]

14.1 by 20302020, reduce by x50%, prevent and control marine pollution of all kinds, including from land-based activities

14.2 by 2020 sustainably <u>and equitably</u> manage, restore and protect <u>coastal and</u> marine ecosystems from <u>adverse impacts</u>, <u>especially areas of particular importance for fish stocks</u>, <u>biodiversity and ecosystem services</u>, including <u>by</u> strengthening their resilience <u>to human impacts including climate change</u> and support<u>ing</u> relevant <u>interdisciplinary</u> scientific research

14.3 by 2020, ensure ecosystem resilience in the face of ocean acidification and address and prevent further ocean acidification

14.4 <u>immediately By 2020 effectively regulate harvesting and end overfishing to restore and maintain</u> by 2030 fish stocks to ecologically safe levels above those that can produce maximum sustainable yield, <u>manage fish stocks using the ecosystem</u> approach, and, by 2020, end overfishing.

14.5 support sustainable small-scale fisheries and aquaculture, including by providing equitable access of small-scale and artisanal fishers to fisheries and markets <u>and creating an enabling environment for community-based fisheries management</u> <u>and substantive inclusion of women into national, regional and global fisheries decision-making bodies.</u>

14.6 <u>by 2020</u> ensure the full implementation of existing regional and international regimes for managing oceans and seas by their states parties.

14.7 by 2020, take immediate action to eliminate illegal, unreported and unregulated (IUU) fishing and destructive fishing practices and eliminate IUU fishing by 2020

14.8 by 2020, conserve at least 2010% of coastal and marine areas, including through establishing effectively managed and ecologically representative marine protected areas and other effective area-based measures, within and beyond areas of national jurisdiction, consistent with international law and based on best available scientific information.

14.9 by 2020, eliminate subsidies which contribute to overcapacity and overfishing, and refrain from introducing new such subsidies, taking into account the need of developing countries, notably least developed countries and SIDS

14.10 by 2030 2020, increase the economic returns to SIDS and LDCs from the sustainable development of coastal and marine resources from within their jurisdictions, as well as equitable access to and benefit sharing from resources in areas beyond national jurisdiction.

14.11 implement integrated and participatory coastal management <u>plans [under a gender equality and human rights</u> framework, in order]¹to increase resilience of coastal ecosystems

¹ Highlighted text as requested by Beyond 2015/DIVA/Women's Major Group